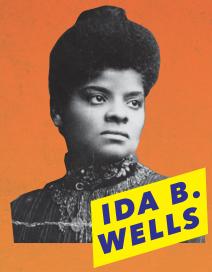
HOW IMPORTANT IT IS FOR US TO RECOGNIZE AND CELEBRATE OUR HEROES AND SHE-ROES!



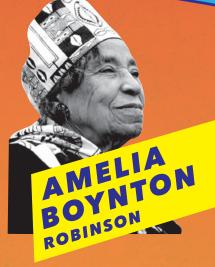
The only woman in Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr.'s inner circle. Cotton was the highest-ranking woman in the Southern Christian Leadership Conference and leader of the Citizen Education Program.



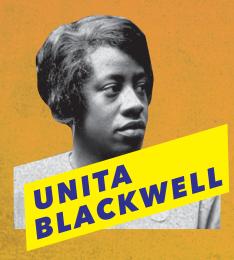
A journalist, abolitionist, and feminist who led an anti-lynching crusade in the 1890s and continued to work for justice throughout her life.



The youngest person to march with Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. from Selma to Montgomery, Alabama. Lowery was jailed nine times before the age of fiteen for her civil rights activism.



A civil rights pioneer who championed voting rights for African-Americans. She was brutally beaten for helping to lead a 1965 civil rights march, which became known as "Bloody Sunday."



The first African-American woman to be elected mayor in the state of Mississippi.

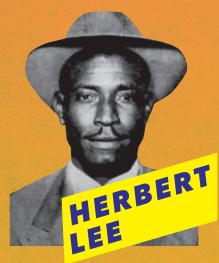
Blackwell was a project director for the Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee and helped organize voter drives across Mississippi.



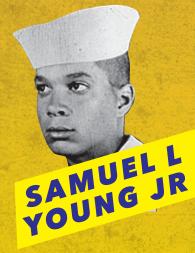
A pioneer in the Civil Rights Movement in Alabama during the 1950s. She refused to give up her seat on a bus months before Rosa Parks' more famous protest.



An activist who worked to integrate lunch counters through sit-ins. A member of the Freedom Riders, the Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee, and the Southern Christian Leadership Conference.



Fought for black voting rights in Mississippi. Lee was murdered by Mississippi state representative E. H. Hurst while delivering cotton near Liberty.



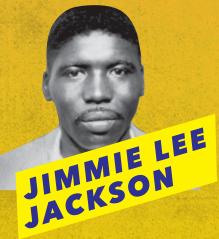
A civil rights and voting rights activist who was murdered for trying to desegregate a "whites only" restroom.



Traveled to Alabama in March 1965 to help register African-American voters in Selma. Not long after her arrival, she was murdered by members of the Ku Klux Klan.



Registered many
African-American voters in
Selma, and was one of the
primary local organizers of
the Selma to Montgomery
march in 1965.



Joined the Civil Rights
Movement as a young man. At a
peaceful march he was shot and
killed by an Alabama state
trooper in 1965. His murder
inspired a civil rights
demonstration that led to the
Voting Rights Act.

Voting Vanguards brings to light the names of the hundreds who worked at great personal peril to obtain and maintain the right to vote and have their vote count. We celebrate voting as the centerpiece of creating and maintaining a healthy democracy.

VOTING
VANGUARDS



WWW.REJOICETHEVOTE.ORG